



Feed box model Operating instruction

Colo-660V
Manual coating equipment



→ **WARNING!!!**

- .Connect the vibrating motor wire and the controller wire well before power up.
- .Connect method:connect the same colour wires together and then winding the wires with insulating tapes
- . It need about 2- 3 seconds when changing the pulse,current and voltage each time,or it will cause damage to the circuit board.

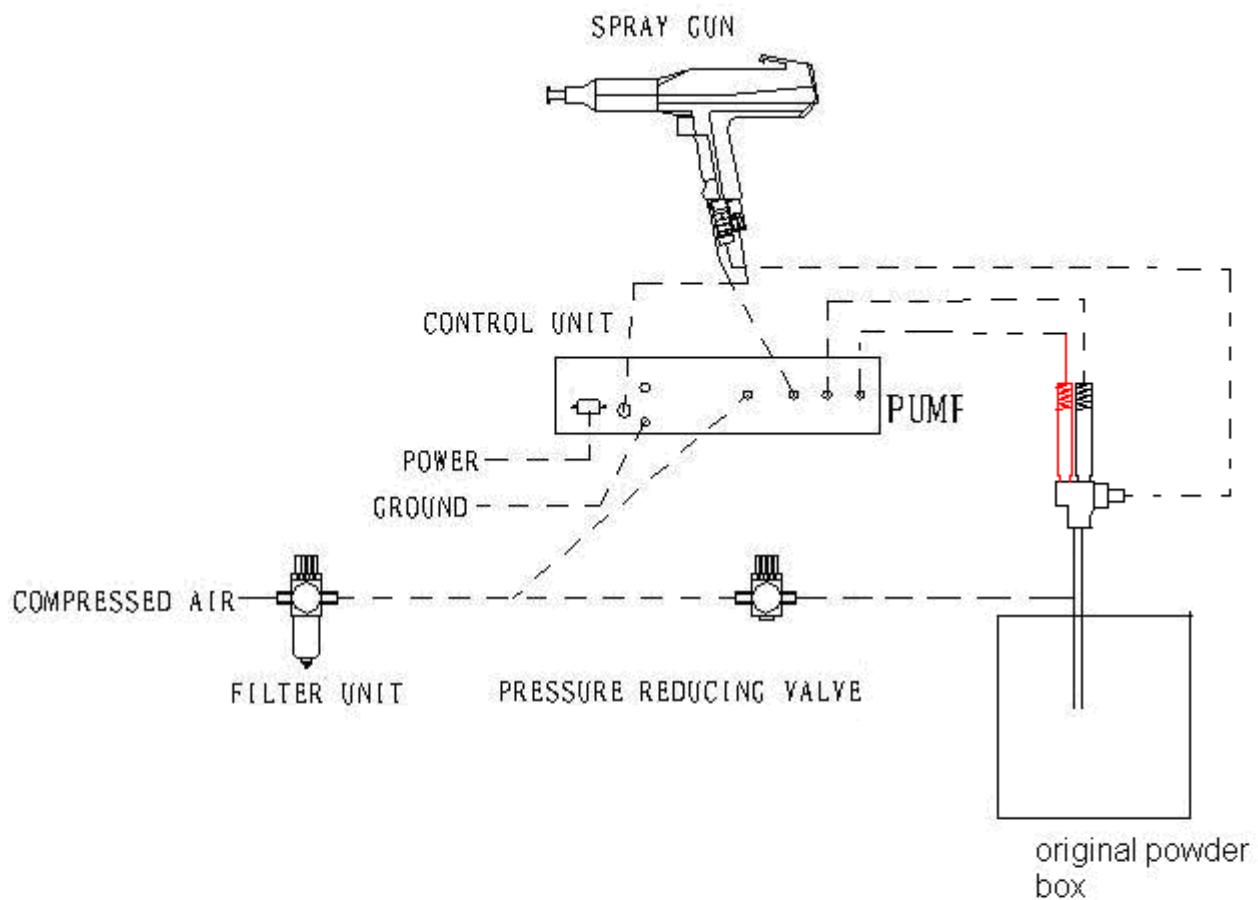
→ **FUNCTIONS**

- .The fluidized powder in the powder original box is sucked up in the injector by the conveying air. Through the powder hose the powder air mixture reached the gun
- .The powder is electrostatically charged immediately it reaches the gun nozzle.An intense field also exists between the gun nozzle and the grounded workpiece. The electrostatically charged powder sprayed onto the workpiece adheres to the latters surface.
- .This line voltage is converted in the control module to high -frequency current this currents stpped up by the high-voltage transformer and the HV-cascade in the gun to 100KV and applier to the electrodes.
- .The converying air and the dosing air is to be regulated on the control module , the fluidizing air on the pneumatic unit.
- .The powder is fluidized by forcing air from bleow through a proous plastic plate.
- .The fluidized powder gets liguld -like properties.

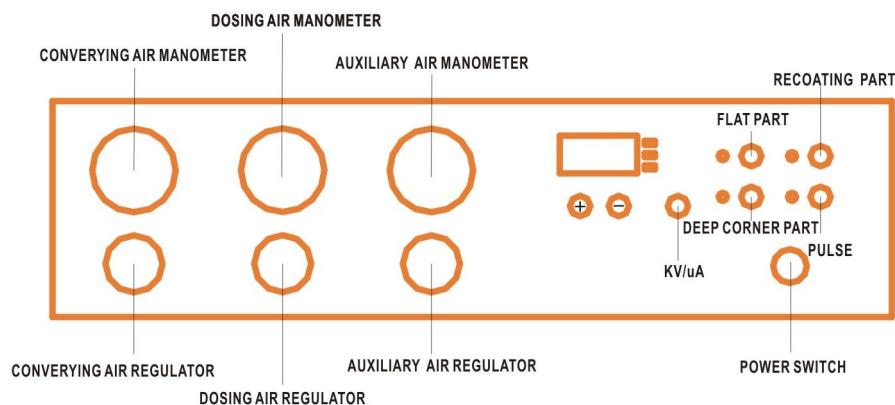
→ **Technical Data**

Power range	100- 240v
Frequency	50/60HZ
Temperature range in use	-10 °C+50 °C
Powder Gun	
Gun weight:	500G
Rated output voltage	24VDC
Input voltage	- 200kv
Maximum output current	180Ua(max)
Maximum output voltage.....	0-100KV (adjustable)
Maximum powder injection :.....	600g/min
Polarity	negative (-)
Pneumatic technical spec	
Maximum input-air pressure	8kg/cm ³
Optimum input-air pressure.....	6kg/cm ³
Minimum input-air pressure	4kg/cm ³
Maximum water vapor content or compressed air	1.4g/N m3
Maximum oil vapor content of compressed air	0.1ppm
Maximum cimpressed-air consumption.....	13.2 m3/h
TPulse coating	15~20 clock/sec

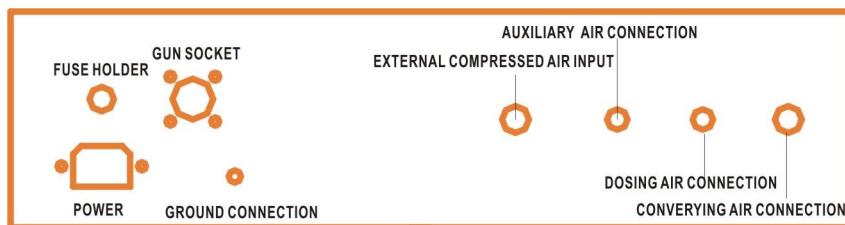
Drawing of connection



FRONT OF CONTROL UNIT



BACK OF CONTROL UNIT



Simple description



COLO-660 NEW intelligent powder coating equipment

For the convenience of users, can choose the corresponding use mode through intelligent button



According to workpiece's shape and powder type
Can be adjusted freely current and voltage



SLAB model

With the best electrostatic to force advanced coating, develop excellent performance



CORNER model

Used for spraying complex shape and corner parts



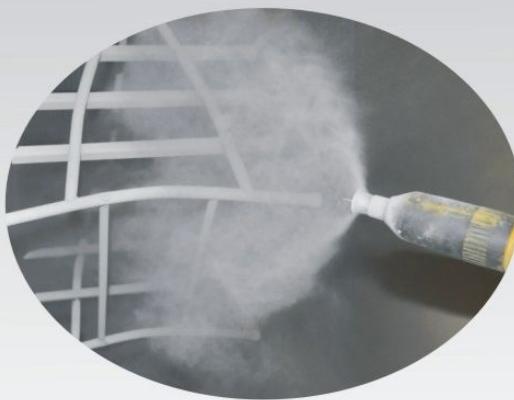
PULSE model

Make powder repeatedly charged, suitable for complicated shape spraying

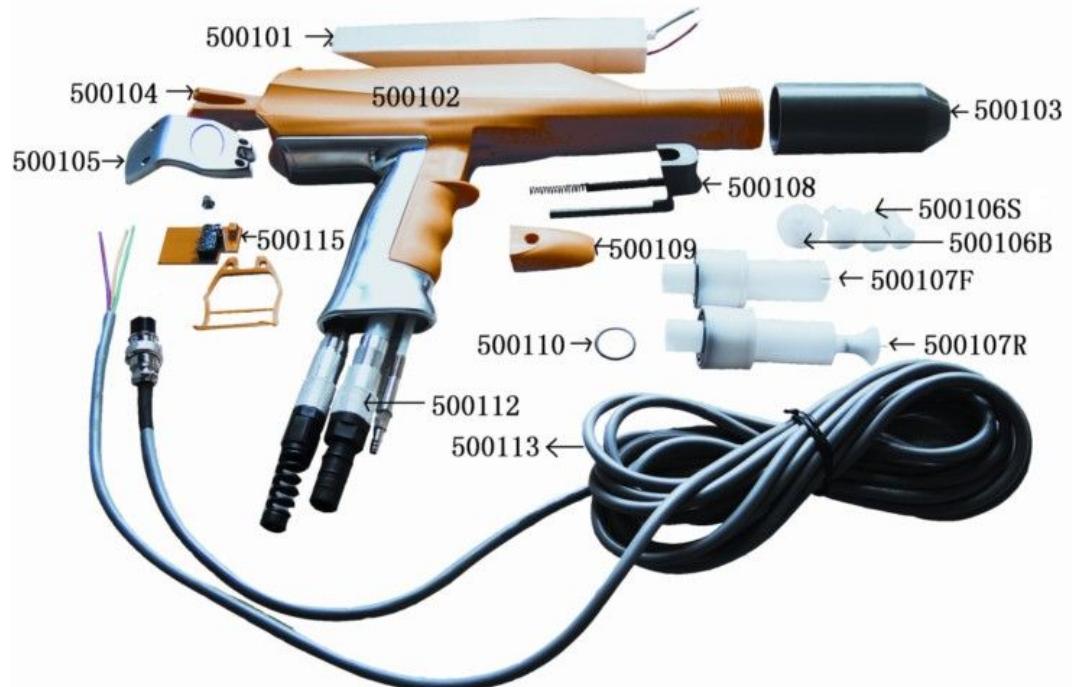


RECOATING model

for the workpiece which because of rejection for not easily electrostatic coating or 2 times spraying



Manual Gun



PLS supply the item number will order the spare parts for colo gun !

Powder injector



--INSTALLATION

- Properly ground all equipment in the spray area to an earth ground and maintain this ground
- Remove all containers of volatiles from the spray area
- Establish and maintain a grounded area for the spray operator

→OPERATION

- The operator should hold the gun in his bare hand
- If gloves are worn, the palm should be out to assure skin to metal contact
- The operator should wear shoes with conductive soles e.g. leather
- Rubber shoes are not conductive.
- Ground the tip of the gun before cleaning or changing nozzles.
- When the gun is not in use, it should be hung so that the nozzle is within four inches of a grounded conductor
- The operator should wear a filter-type respirator anytime he is exposed to dusty conditions
- High pressure powder may cause injury. Keep the rear switch "off" position in no-use condition

→MAINTENANCE

- Make a periodic confirmation of grounding to each of all equipment in the spray area.
- Exercise good housekeeping practices, do not allow dirt or powder to accumulate on the feeder/powder unit, cable or gun.
- Keep the cabinet door

PERSONNEL

- Use soap and water to remove powder from the skin washing with solvents can cause reactions resulting in allergies and disorders.
- Wash hands before eating and smoking.
- Do not use compressed air to blow powder off the hands and clothing.
This practice may result in damage to the ear drums or eyes.

2. INSTALLATION

- Connects the control units MAIN AIR to MAIN AIR(REGULATOR) output unit with air hose
- Connects the control unit DOSING AIR to INJECTOR with air hose
- Connects the FLUIDIZING AIR (REGULATOR) output unit to powder box with air hose
- Connects the control unit AUXILIARY AIR to GUN with air hose
- Connects the POWDER HOSE to INJECTOR
- Connects the GUN CABLE to CONTROL UNIT with air hose
- Connects ground connection cable from ground nut to the booth and trolley
- Connect main powder cable

3. OPERATION

→PREPARATION FOR TEST OPERATION

1. Adjustment for voltage selection

All the shipped equipments are fixed at REQUEST

2. Connection of air supply

.Compressed air must not contain any oil or moisture

.It should be noticed that the oil and moisture container in the compressed air must be filtered out.

.The fluidfied air must be locked in until all conneccctions are completed.

3. Connection outlet hose

.Connect the hose by pressing it into the powder box outlet –hose coupling hole.

.Place the opposite end of the hose within booth.

Caution:Atmospheric pressure should be present in the hopper during operation of the equipment

4. Connect ground line

The ground line should be connected to booth or conveyor with a clip

5. Safety regulations:

- 1) Operator should always take precaution to get grounded to the powder electroatic machine s GUN handle by marking hole in his gloves , He should also make it a rule to put on a pair of grounded shoes.
- 2) The floor of workplace shoud be conducted
- 3) All condusction material with 5 meters around powder booth are completely grounded
- 4) Fact the GUN to dircetion of BOOTH and not to the human body
- 5) In case of powder such as spaying paint ,dust density of 10g/ m3 Or more could cause explosion ,and the internal booth should be maintained in good and clean condition .

CHECK FUNCTION OPERATION

1. Functions

- 1) cuts off the powder supply from pressure-decrease valve.
- 2) Lowers the control box high –voltage adjustment handle down to bottom –lef position .
- 3) See what happens when the high-voltage adjustment handle is turned from to right to slowly increase the voltage level.
- 4) Approach the ground up to the distance of 20cm holding GUN and see the high-voltage display drop.
- 5) Pull the GUN' trigger.

The high-voltage indicator begins to operate

Check if the voltage level changes when the high-voltage adjustment handle is turned .

- 6) open MAIN AIR and suply air
- 7) pull the GUN' trigger and open the CONVEYING AIR

The pressure gauge hand moves

Pull the gun s trigger close the CONVEYING AIR and open the DOSING AIR

The gauge shand moves .

If all factors suggested above is alright , every is O K

Remove powder from the nozzle of gun by AUXILIARY AIR

Power supply and fluidizing air supply.

2. LOADING

open the lid

put the pick up tube in it

If everything is checked all right, the equipment is ready

Slightest abnormality requires preferring to the emergency –measure guide.

→TEST OPERATION

1. PAINTING

- * CAUTION: Check if all the conducting material within 5 meters around powder booth are completely grounded
- 1) Check if the powder is fluidified
- 2) Turn on the powder switch
- 3) Face the gun to direction of BOOTH
- 4) Pull the trigger
- 5) Adjust the high voltage to the required level-the level can be monitored by a meter
- 6) Wait until the first-spayed powder comes out completely dried.
- 7) Proceed with spraying object to be powder coated ..

2 Taking stop spraying measure

- 1) release the GUN S trigger
- 2) turn off the power switch
as the powder is still fluid , you shouldnot adjust the amount of high voltage . Cleaning air and powder output.
- 3) Be sure to turn off the power switch and cut off air valve during lunch time or after finishing work

3 Cleaning the powder hose

+ CAUTION: In case of prolonged unsue of equipment , the powder remaining in hose should be eliminate as follows:

- 1) take our injector s hose coupling part from the pick up tube
- 2) Turn the GUN to the direction of BOOTH
- 3) Attach the AIR GUN tightly to the hose entrance and blow into it
- 4) Reassemble it

FLUIDIZING POWDER

A .F luidizing powder

The fluid state of powder is closely related to powder type , water content of compressed air and outler temperature

The fluidizing procds independently of control functions

1 .Keep the powder box lid open

2 Slowly increase the fluidzing AIR –the powder begins the boil mildy, AIR in the box and adjust to the minimum amount of AIR for uniform boiling

3 close the lid

B . The amount of powder output and control

The amount powder output is determined by powder type , the length and diameter of hose , and the amount of CONVERYING AIR and DOSING AIR.

1. check the powder is normally fluidized
2. turn on the power switch
3. pull the trigger with the GUN facing to the direction to BOOTH
4. Open the CONVERYING AIR
5. Adjust the DOSING AIR

Turn slowly regulator of dosing air to clock wise from maximum counter clock wise pulling trigger until powder puffing is getting to normal injection

COLOR CHANGE

A. Changing powder color

- 1)Clean the outlet hose
- 2)blow into the powder hose with compressed air
- 3)clean the GUN
- 4)put the powder to be used into box and finish all the preparation jobs
- 5)turn and spray the GUN toward BOOTH momentarily before the work begins

B. How to manage

Routine maintenance of equipment prolong product life and keeps its performance uniform

1. Daily check ----INJECTOR cleaning and INSERT SLEEVE worn-down
 -POWDER HOSE cleaning
 -GUN cleaning
2. weekly check injector and GUN
 - ..do not put the powder box just before work
 -check the ground line between CONTROL UNIT , BOOTH and CONVERYOR
 -After checking air dehydrator , any water in it should be removed , the air ,but for checking the presence of moisture in it

C. Checking for shutdown lasting 2-3 days

- 1)Turn off the power switch
- 2)Clean the CONTROL UNIT
- 3)Remove the input air and put it away
- 4)check above -1 .Daily check
- 5)Remove powder from HOPPER

Comprehensive regulation

Workpieces type	Output voltage	1 ST air	2sec air	Painting distance
Big size new	80-100kv	4-6kg/cm ²	2-3kg/cm ²	15-20cm
Corner,sides	40-60kv	2-3kg/cm ²	0.5-1 kg/cm ²	10-15cm
repaint	20-30kv	2-3kg/cm ²	0.5-1kg/cm ²	15-20cm

CLEANING

A. Pick up tube

1. Remove fluidizing AIR LINE
2. Remove injector
3. take out suction pipe
4. wipe the electric line , AIR HOSE .and powder hose cleanly with cloth
5. wipe the suction pipe clean

B. Manual powder Electrostatic GUN

Routine cleaning of GUN ensures trouble -free operation and normal function at all times.

Daily clearing

1. Remove the powder hose from gun
2. remove nozzle from GUN and clean it
3. Clean the gun s powder outlet with AIR along the direction of its flow
4. clean the gun s body with AIR
5. Assemble it

C. Spray Nozzle

Dairly cleaning

----clean the outer surface of nozzle with compressed air (Do not use thinner or other liquild for cileaning)

...Clean the nozzle s inside with compressed air after removing it . The powder accumulated in the GUN must be removed.

....check if the nozzle is worn down

Check if the compressed air s oil and moisture are completely removed

D .Injector

1. Disconnecting powder hose
2. Remove sleeve holder
3. Clean sleeve and inside of injector body.

TROUBLES

Problem	Cause	Measure
High -voltage display does not operated even after powder is on and trigger is pulled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Electric faulty-The electric line coming into CONTROL UNIT is not property connected . Faulty fuse and bad equipment on the part of external power source . .Faulty lamp. .Faulty printed circuit board(PCB) .Faulty line in GUN .Faulty in high-voltage generation part .Faulty trigger switch 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> . connect the power Replace Preplace Preplace Preplace Preplace Preplace Preplace
The powder would not be fluidified	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> .The fluidizing air hose is not connected or compressed air is not input . Faulty fluidizing plate . Faulty operation of pressure reduction valve 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> .Connect after checking .Replace .Replace
The gauge hands of CONVERYING AIR and DOSING AIR do not move during operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> .operation mistake: The power switch is not pressed .The trigger is not pulled .Faulty SOLENOID valve .Faulty PCB 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Turn on the power switch .Check while pulling the trigger . Replace

Problem	Cause	Measure
The powder would not be ejected even after power switch is on and trigger is pulled	.Blockage generated in injector , check valve sleeve in the injector paint hose or GUN . worn-down sleeve .Poor fluidfying operation .CONVERYING AIR is not supplied. . Faulty air –adjustment valve . Faulty solenoud valve . Faulty PCB . Oil and moisture contained In the compressed air	. Disassemboe and clean . Replace .Replace .check above issues .Replace .Replace .Replace .Install an air dehydrator
Powder is ejected from GUN but with its electrostatic intensity low	.High-voltage assembly is low .Faulty GUN connector , wire and wire connector .Faulty PCB .Faulty high-voltage casecade .Faulty ROD holder	.increase the voltage lever! .Replace the faulty part .Replace .Replace
Powder ejection and electrostatic intensity is good , but its attach efficiency is poor	.Faulty earth of powder object .Too much paint on the converyor hangar and powder object area .The high voltage pin caved in	.Check the earth state .Remove powder from handar and powder-object area .Replace the rod holder